

The Impact of IR4.0 to Human Resource in Organization Environment

Anas Tajudin, PhD in Human Resources
Dean, Kuala Lumpur Metropolitan Business School
Kuala Lumpur Metropolitan University College
Malaysia



What is Human Resource Management?

Human resource management is the development and implementation of systems in an organization for attracting, developing and retaining a high-performing workforce.



Overall Framework for HRM

COMPETITIVE CHALLENGES

- Globalization
- Technology
- Managing change
- Human capital
- Responsiveness
- Cost containment



HUMAN RESOURCES

- Planning
- Recruitment
- Staffing
- Job design
- Training/development
- Appraisal
- Communications
- Compensation
- Benefits
- Labour relations



EMPLOYEE CONCERNS

- Background diversity
- Age distribution
- Gender issues
- Educational levels
- Employee rights
- Privacy issues
- Work attitudes
- Family concerns



What is Industry 4.0?

Industry 4.0 has been defined as “a name for the current trend of automation and data exchange in manufacturing technologies, including cyber-physical systems, the Internet of things, cloud computing and cognitive computing and creating the smart factory”.



How Will the Fourth Industrial Revolution Impact HR & Learning & Development in the Future?





Embracing New Technology



- Knowledge Workers
 - Workers whose responsibilities extend beyond the physical execution of work to include planning, decision making, and problem solving.



The Jobs Landscape in 2022

**emerging
roles,
global
change
by 2022**

**133
Million**

Top 10 Emerging

1. Data Analysts and Scientists
2. AI and Machine Learning Specialists
3. General and Operations Managers
4. Software and Applications Developers and Analysts
5. Sales and Marketing Professionals
6. Big Data Specialists
7. Digital Transformation Specialists
8. New Technology Specialists
9. Organisational Development Specialists
10. Information Technology Services

**declining
roles,
global
change
by 2022**

**75
Million**

Top 10 Declining

1. Data Entry Clerks
2. Accounting, Bookkeeping and Payroll Clerks
3. Administrative and Executive Secretaries
4. Assembly and Factory Workers
5. Client Information and Customer Service Workers
6. Business Services and Administration Managers
7. Accountants and Auditors
8. Material-Recording and Stock-Keeping Clerks
9. General and Operations Managers
10. Postal Service Clerks



“...the breadth and depth
of these changes herald
the transformation
of entire systems of
production, management,
and governance.”

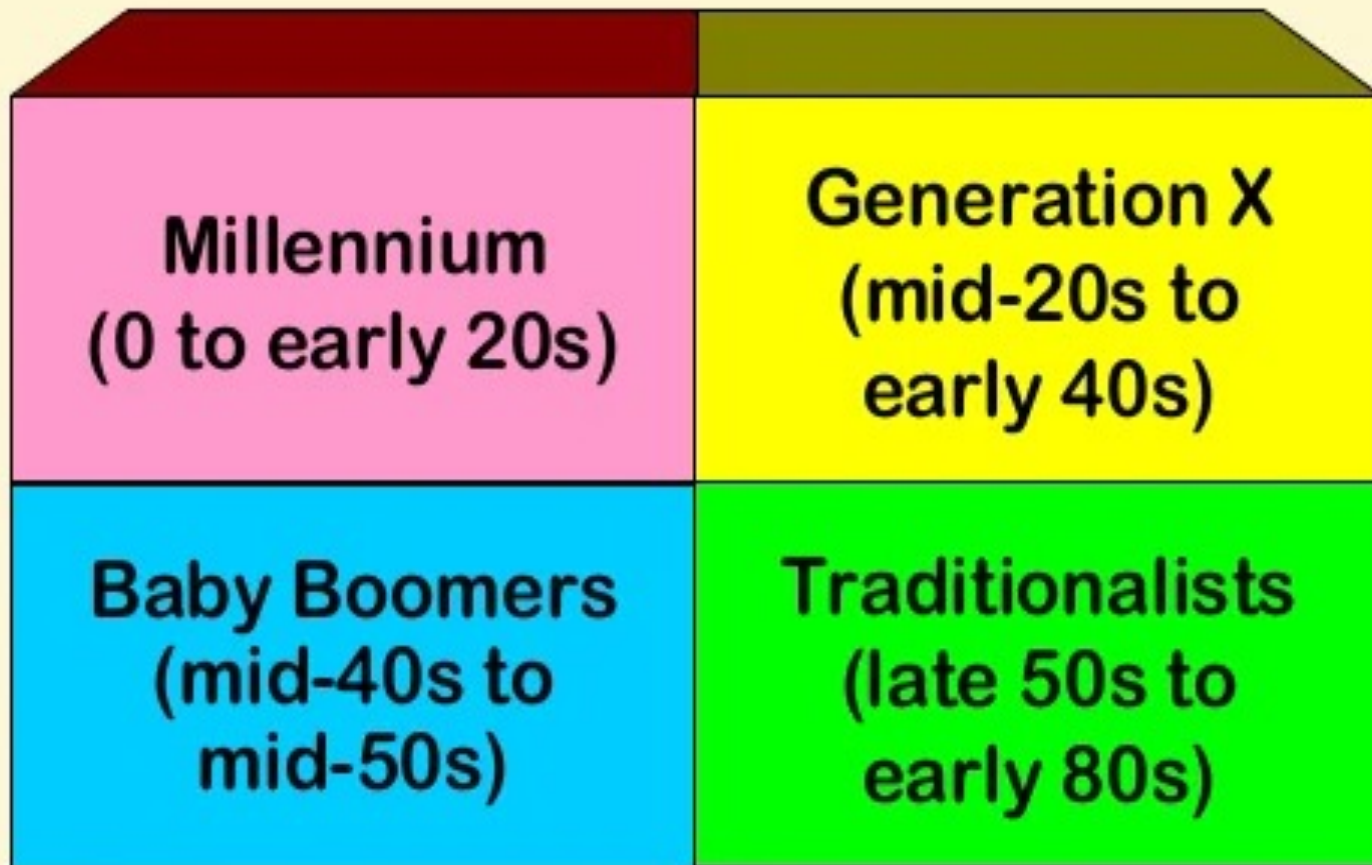
Professor Klaus Schwab
Founder and Executive Chairman
of the World Economic Forum

Importance of Human Interaction



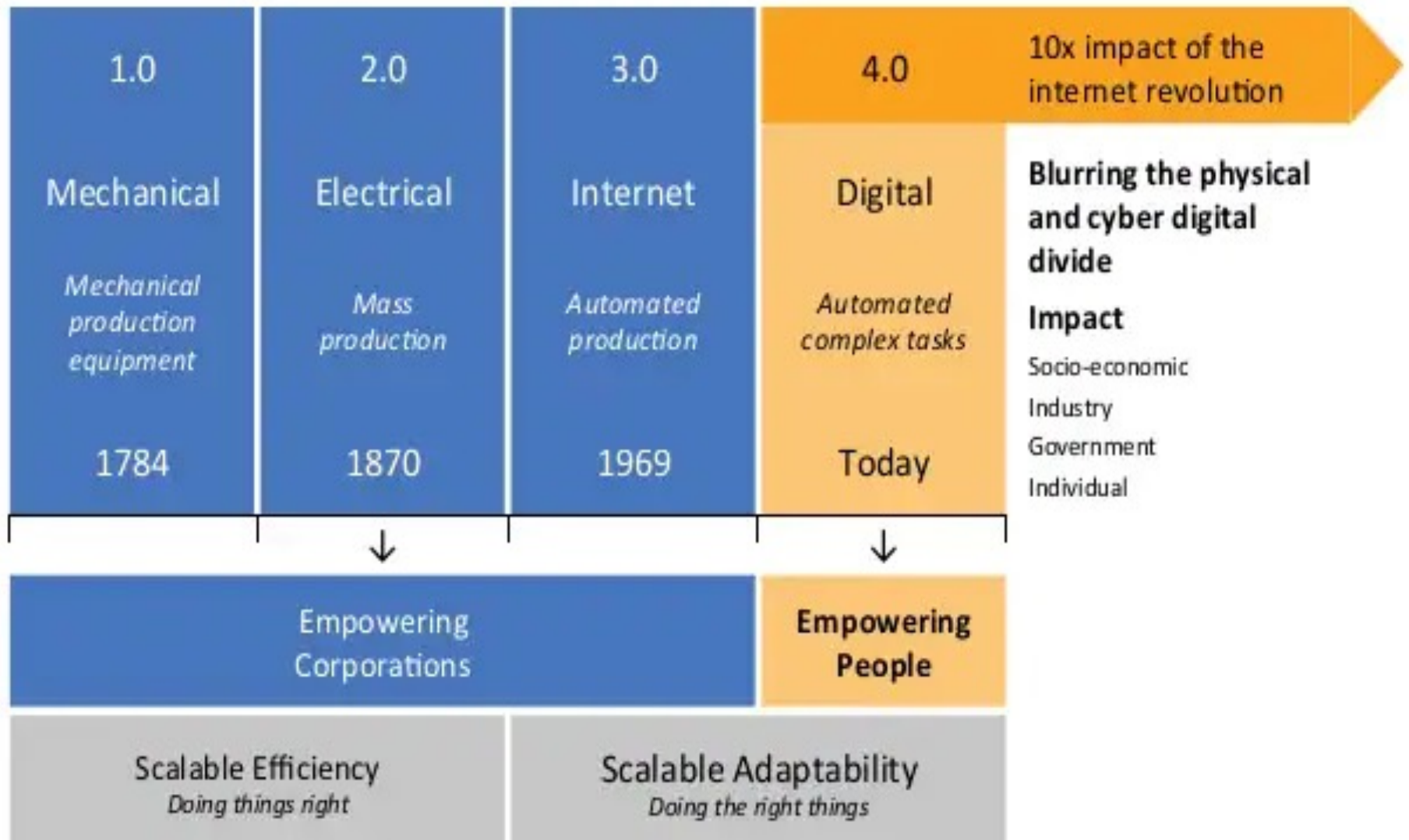


Different Generations of Employees Have Different Career Needs and Interests





Welcome to the IR 4.0



Forces of Change

Demographics

- Millennials 50% of workforce
- Baby Boomers working longer



Technology

- Digital is everywhere
- Disrupting business models



Social Contract

- Altered employee/employer relationship
- 2 yrs. is avg. job stay
- Rapid career growth



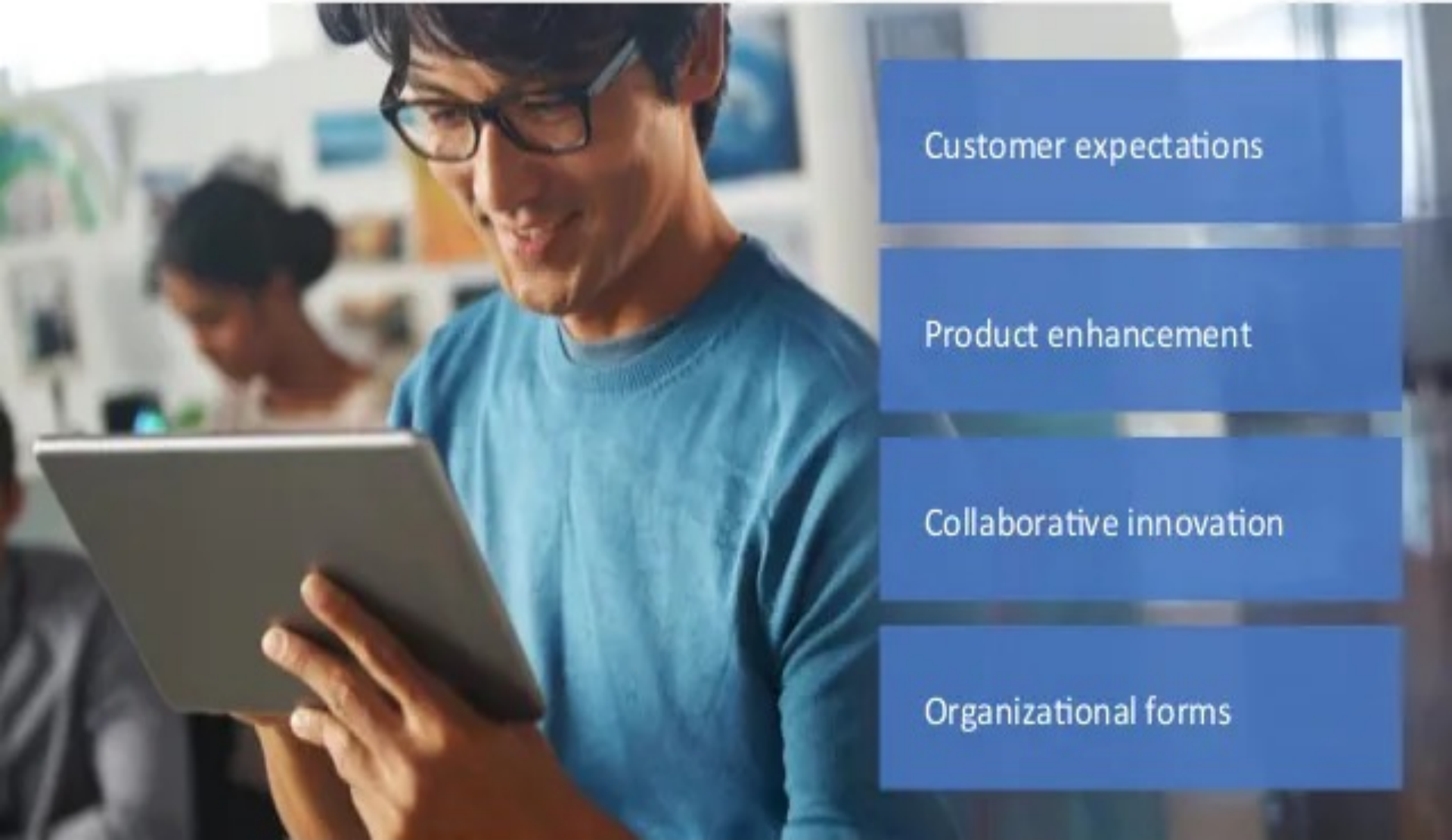
Speed of Change

- Computing power doubles every 2 years
- Organizations must be more agile





What Are the Implications for Business



Customer expectations

Product enhancement

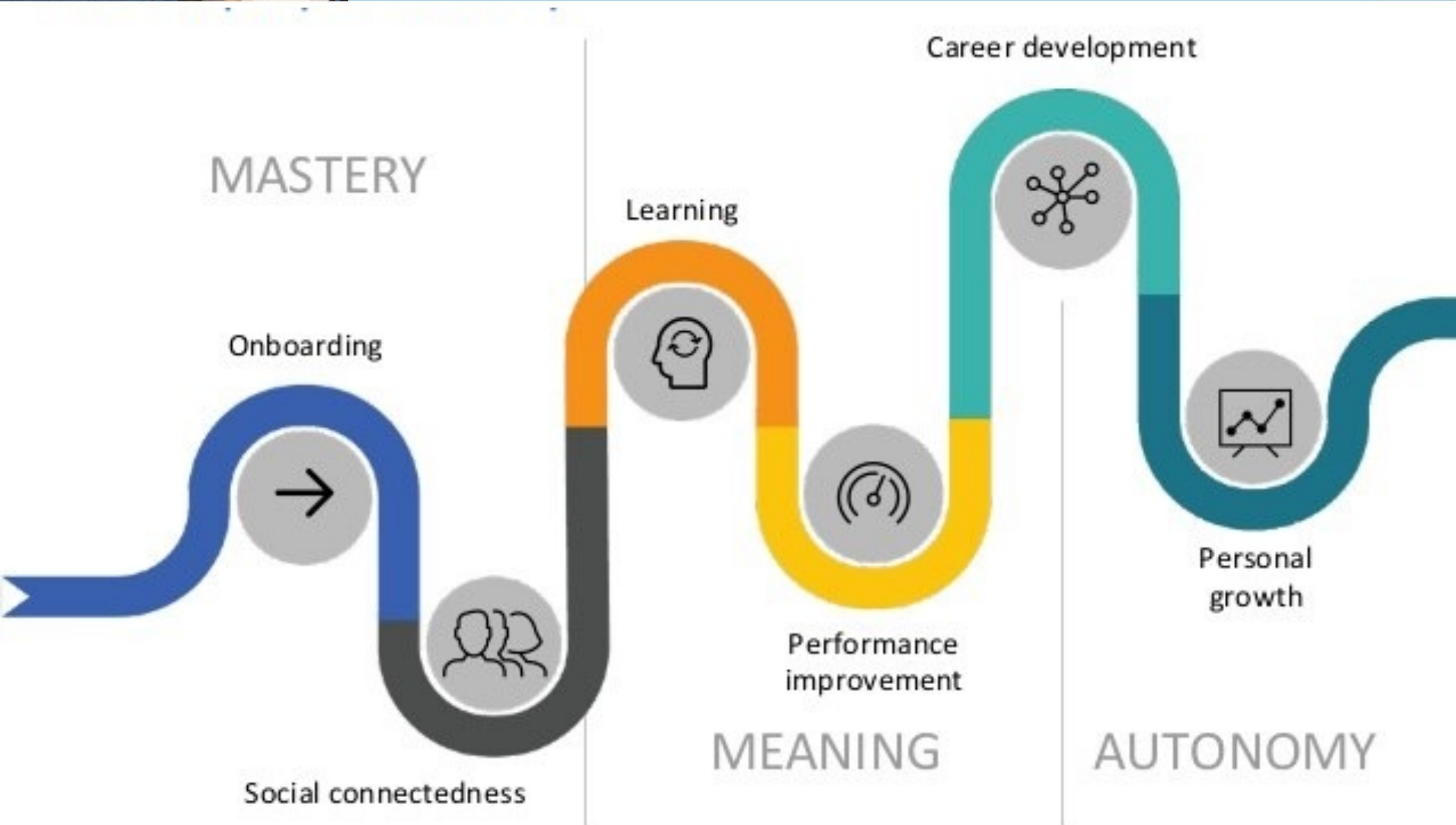
Collaborative innovation

Organizational forms



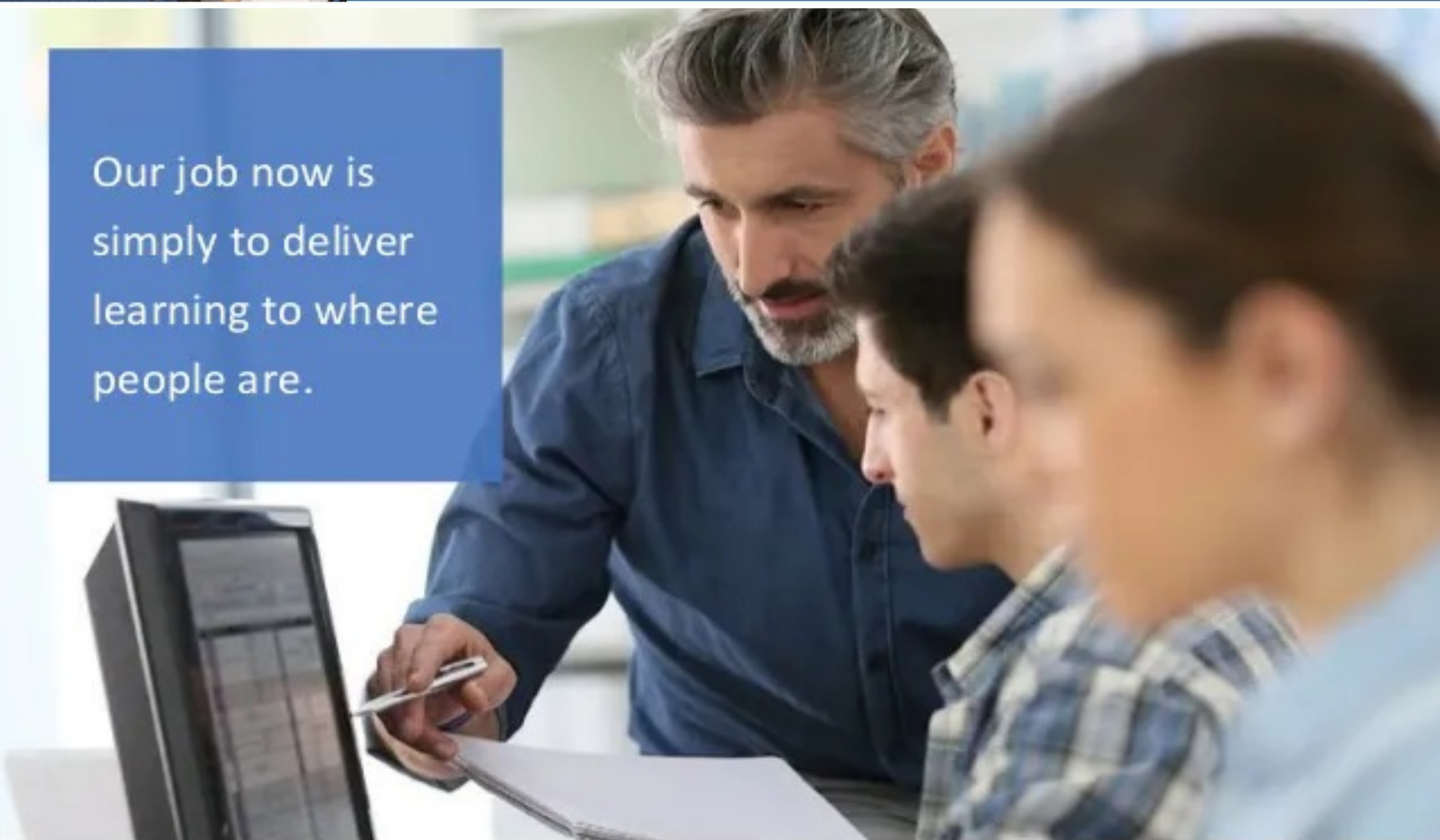
*“the emergence of global platforms and other new business models, finally, **means that talent, culture, and organizational forms** will have to be rethought. Bottom line: business leaders and senior executives need to understand their changing environment, challenge the assumptions of their operating teams, and relentlessly and **continuously innovate.**”*

The Employee Journey





Our job now is
simply to deliver
learning to where
people are.





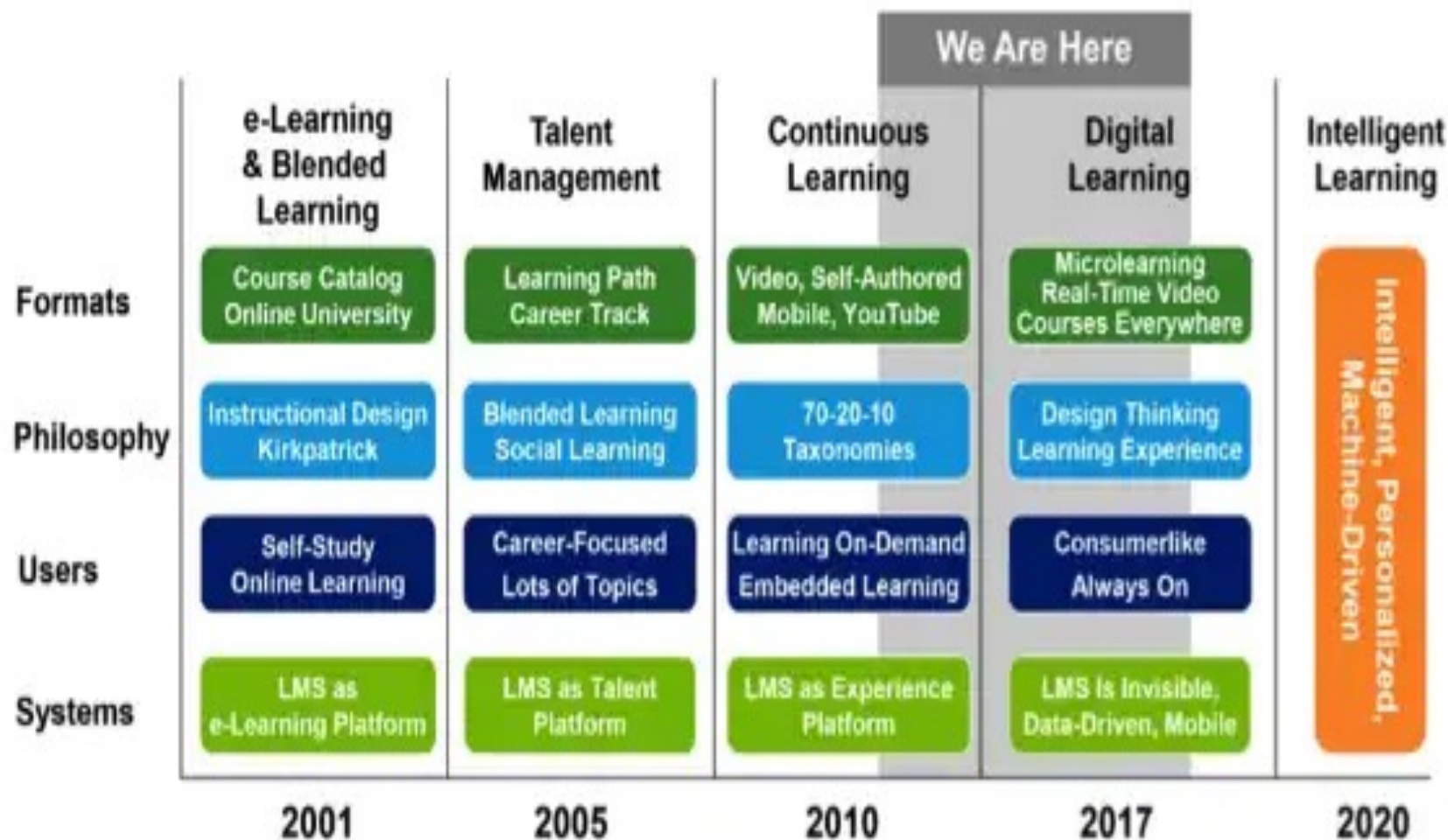
Applying Design Thinking to the Flow of Work

Instructional
Design

Experiential
Design



From e-Learning to Digital Learning in One Generation





Quality Learning Matrix

Organizational Planning	Educational Practice	Technology Ecosystem	Learner Opportunities	Learner Success
Vision & Strategy	Curricular Design & Readiness	Platform Balance & Performance	Audience Identification	Registration
Management & Governance	Instructional Design & Course Development	Identities, Roles & Access	Learner Awareness & Opportunity Positioning	Learner Support & Help Desk
Program Development	Instructor Development & Support	Process & Data Integration	Marketing & Learner Identification	Risk Alerts, Intervention & Coaching
Business Model	Curricular & Instructional Innovation	Adoption & Use	Learning Opportunity Management	Pathway Planning & Course Scheduling
Analytics & KPIs	Assessment & Measurement	Operations & Service Delivery	Metrics & Reporting	Career Connections



Companies Are Realizing the Importance of Learning As an Integrated Element of Work....

Almost every

CEO and CHRO reports that their companies are not developing skills fast enough or leaders deeply enough

66%

expect to increase the number of formal learning hours/employee

About 40%

of CLOs say that their initiatives are either "ineffective" or "neutral" in assessing the capabilities and gaps of employees

This topic is

number two

on minds of CEO and HR leaders

83%

of companies rate this issue as important and

54%

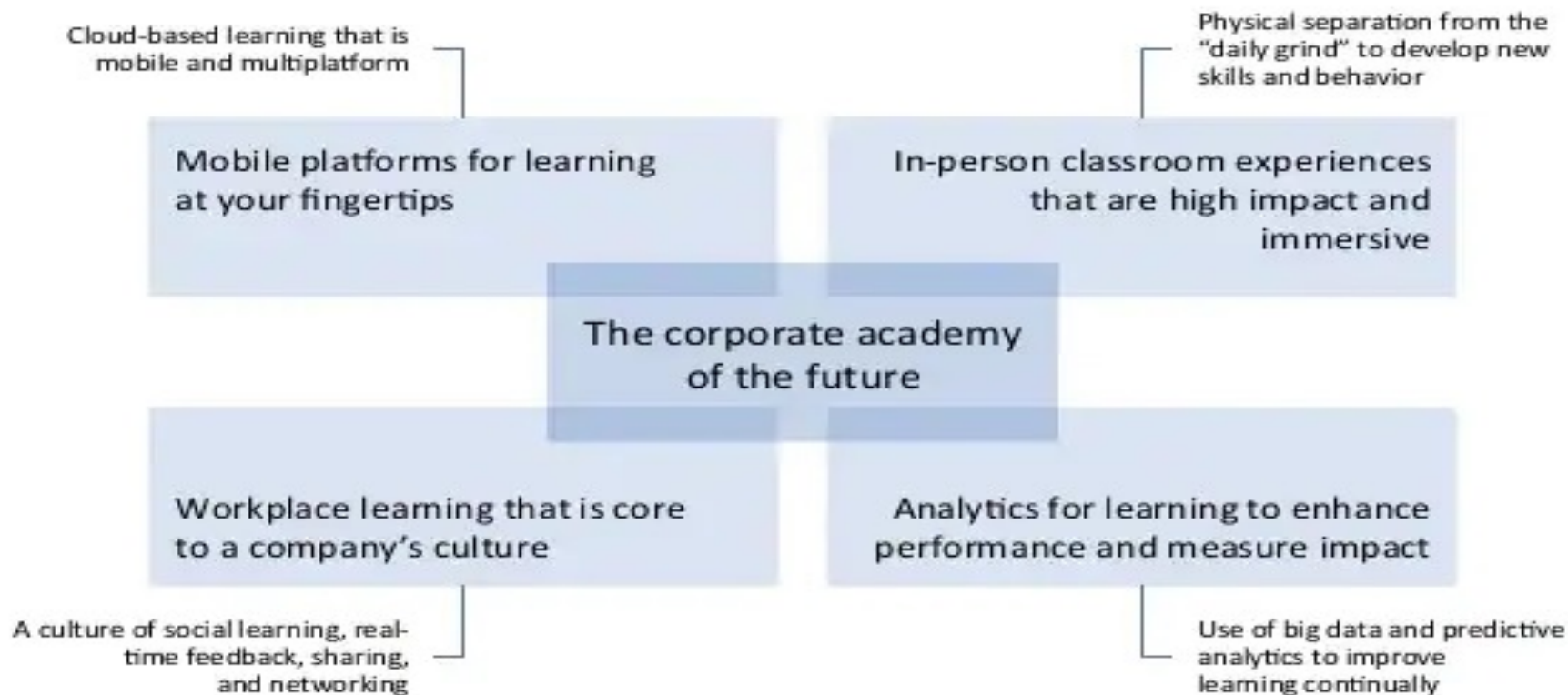
rate it as urgent

>60%

plan to increase L&D spending



Next Gen Corporate Academies





Forces of Change Supporting Organizational Learning

Demographics

- Younger employees feel the greatest comfort with digitization



Technology

- Cloud expansion = MOOCs, SPOCs, videos, learning games, e-coaching, virtual classrooms, online performance support and simulations



Social Contract

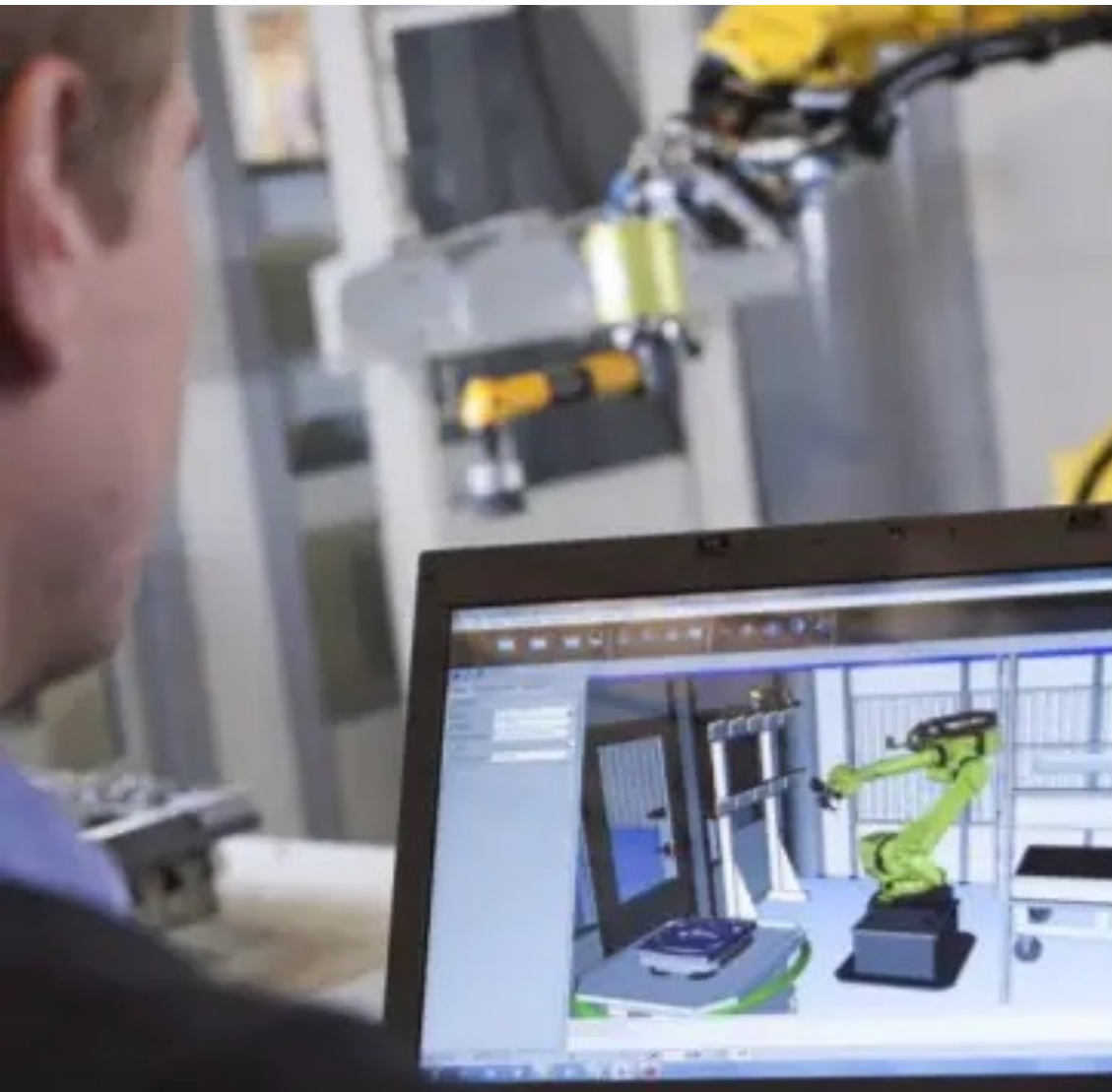
- Empowered learners share content and knowledge across companies
- Shared training



Speed of Change

- Flattened learning hierarchy sharpens messaging and broadens the pool of available content

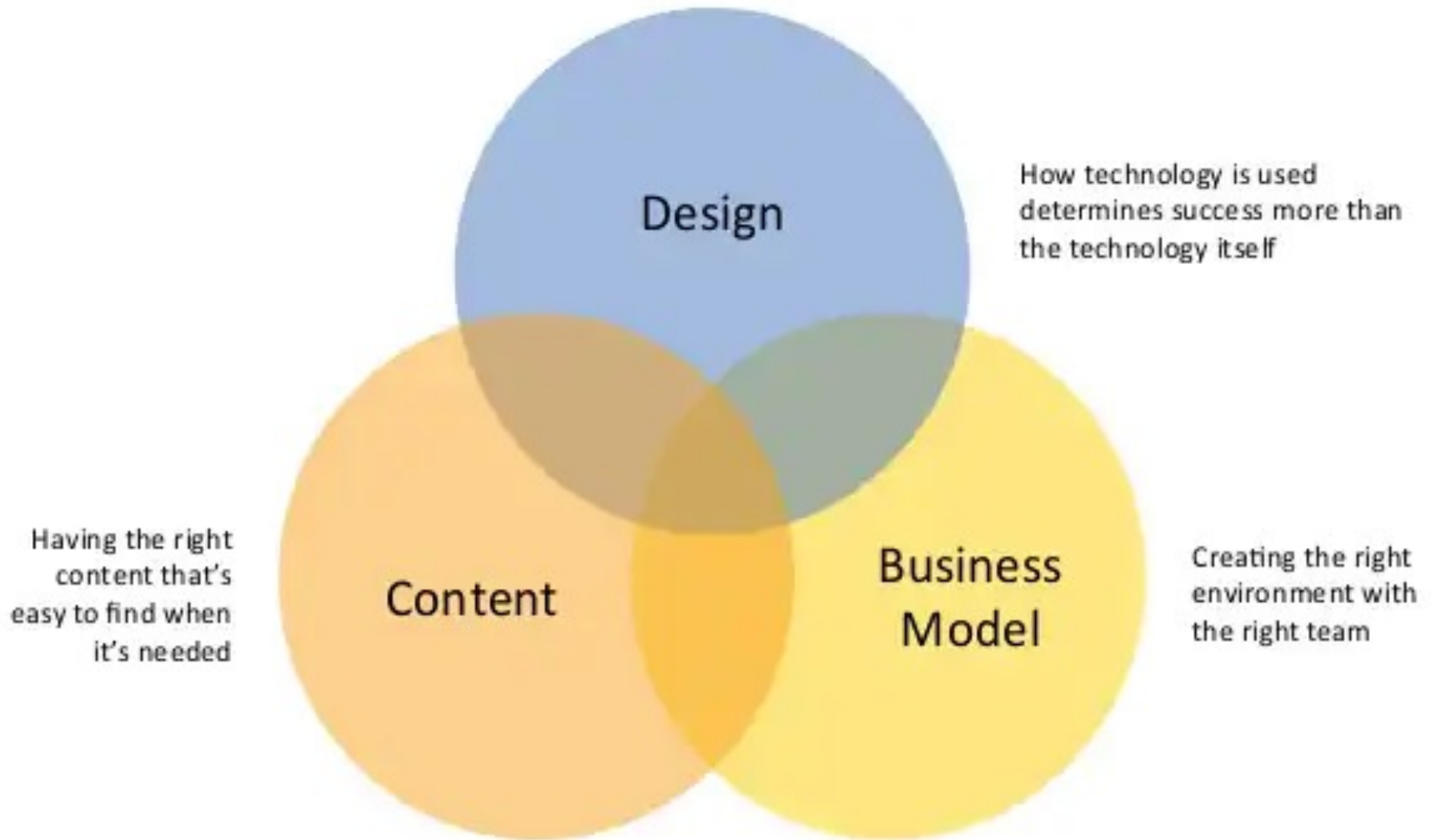




One global Asian original design manufacturer offers a digital 3-D learning environment at its virtual model factory. This system lets employee participants “see” and “feel” complex equipment deployed at many of the company’s plants.



Where to Focus?





Design Thinking Focuses on Employee Experiences





Shift in Mindset from Solely Learning to a Performance Focus

L&D should be asking
“what outcomes do
we want and what
does a great
employee experience
look like?”





People Generally Learn Best When Their Learning and Their Work Are Aligned

Learning integrated
with work will
produce better results
in terms of behavior
change and
performance
improvement than
when learning is
entirely separated
from work.





Greater Importance on Design Thinking Means Faster Organizational Growth

On-the-job vs. formal training impact: **3X** greater performance improvement
Exposure to on-the-job learning activities: increased engagement **2 ½ X**





Identifying Type of Content/Learning

Explosive Growth in Microlearning

Microlearning	Macrolearning
<i>I need help now.</i>	<i>I want to learn something new.</i>
Two minutes or less Topic- or problem-based Search by asking a question Video or text Indexed and searchable Content rated for quality and utility	Several hours or days Definitions, concepts, principles, and practice Exercises graded by others People to talk with, learn from Coaching and support as needed
<i>Is the content useful and accurate?</i>	<i>Is the author authoritative and educational?</i>
<i>Video, articles, code samples, tools</i>	<i>Courses, classes, MOOCs, programs</i>



Employees Are Overwhelmed...



The “average” U.S. worker now spends **25% of the workday** reading or answering emails

The average mobile phone user checks the device **150 times a day**

More than **80% of all companies** rate their business “highly complex” or “complex” for employees

Of the U.S. population, **40%** believes that it is impossible to succeed at work and have a balanced family life

Fewer than **16% of companies** have a program to “simplify work” or help employees to deal with stress

The “average” U.S. worker works **47 hours** and 49% work 50 hours or more per week, with 20% at 60+ hours per week



...and Spend Too Much Time Searching





1. Organization focuses on long-term career success of its workers
2. Organization focuses on enabling workers to perform well in current role
3. Organization employs design thinking in development opportunities
4. Organization offers high-value learning and development experiences
5. Organization rewards employees for development
6. Organization gives stretch assignments as part of worker development
7. Employees are able to influence which tasks are assigned to them
8. Organization is clear on decision-making processes/ability
9. Risk-taking is rewarded in the organization
10. Mistakes are valued as learning opportunities
11. Organization utilizes experiences for development
12. Organization gathers data on worker performance in several ways

What really matters

- Careers
- On the job
- Experiential
- Reward systems
- Empowerment
- Learn from mistakes
- Performance data
- Culture of learning



New Capabilities Needed

Traditional Learning Organization Capabilities



New/Enhanced Learning Organization Capabilities





Today

Learning is a **series of corporate programs** built around L&D-designed content and L&D-approved experts.

The learning environment is managed by a **corporate learning management system**—essentially a large catalog filled with courses.

L&D, business, and compliance **experts push out training**, identifying required courses to be completed by employees based on roles.

The focus is on **internal** training sanctioned by the company.

Learning professionals are **generalists** who do everything from design to development, logistics, and measurement.

Training follows a **lecture-based** model guided by an expert.

Employees **learn specific skills** through expert-guided instruction

Organizations create detailed, exhaustive, skills-based **competencies** that drive the learning agenda.

The learning organization plays a **lead role** in what a person learns and focuses on delivering work experiences, interactions with others, and formal training in the traditional 70-20-10 ratio.

Tomorrow

Learning is an **"environment"** and an **"experience,"** leveraging experts, content, and materials sourced and recommended by external communities as well as by other employees and internal experts (not just L&D).

The learning environment feels like a **consumer website** that provides videos, courses, content, and access to experts—as well as recommendation engines that help people find precisely what they need.

Employees pull learning, navigating and accessing opportunities from inside and outside of the company.

External training is available from any digital content source.

Learning professionals are **specialists** who are excellent at the component they own.

Training is **experiential**, relying on simulations, case studies, and flipped classrooms.

Employees **learn how to learn** through facilitation and coaching.

Organizations create high-level **frameworks** that outline broad capabilities.

The learning organization plays a **supporting role** in what a person learns, expanding the 10 to include "inside" and "outside" learning; shifting the 20 to include internal and external networks; and redefining the 70 to include corporate, community, and social experiences.



THANK
YOU!